Numb. 364.

THE Pennfylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From November 20. to November 27. 1735.

LONDON, *Sept.* 5.

HAY Letters from Rome, of the 20th, we learn, that the want of Corn in the Eccleſiaſtical State had determin'd the Pope to publiſh an Edict, declaring, that all Foreign Merchants of what Nation ſoever, that would come with their Veſſels, and bring and ſell their Corn in the Ports of the ſaid State, ſhould be exempt from all Duties of Entry, and other Impoſts, hitherto paid there.

The Mooriſh Prince, Brother to the King of Morocco, who came to Rome by Accident about three Years ago, where he abjur'd Mahometaniſm, and was afterward gratified with a conſiderable Penſion, by the Pope and the Kings of France and Spain, has ſince his Converſion led ſuch a diſſolute Life, that his Holineſs has thought fit to get him ſeized and conducted to the Priſons of the Capitol. Not content with his Penſion he ran himſelf over Head and Ears in Debt wherever he came, and lived in a moſt profuſe manner. That Prince, who is one of the late Emperor of Morocco's 35 Sons, went laſt Year *incognito*, under the Name of the Marquis de Tafilet, to ſolicit an Employment in the Troops of Naples, or any other State of Italy; but none could he obtain. Mean time, the Woman that Prince married ſome Months ago, has been ſhut up in a Convent by Order of the Pope.

The Venetians pretend to have private Letters from Conſtantinople, which ſay, the People are ſo provok'd at the Loſſes ſuſtained in Perſia, that it 'tis to be feared they will occaſion freſh Troubles, and that the Malecontents will take Advantage of the Abſence of the Troops, to depoſe the Grand Seignior, and ſet up Sultan Achmet, his Predeceſſor, in his room. 'Tis even ſaid, that Sultan Muſtapha has no great Reluctance to reſign the Throne to him. Mean while, Patrouls are ordered out every Night at Conſtantinople, to prevent any Diſturbance. And yet, amidſt all theſe mortifying Circumſtances, the Porte keeps up to the ſame Standard of Pride, with which they antiently ſhewed away.

On Wedneſday laſt, when Dr. Taylor the famous Oculiſt was introduc'd to the Queen at Kenſington, by Sir Robert Rich, and Col. Murray, her Majeſty was pleaſed to delare her Deſire of ſeeing his curious Inſtruments, particularly his new-invented Bruſh for the Eyes, being an Inſtrument never before heard of; and accordingly Dr. Taylor is ſome Morning next Week, to wait on her Majeſty, with his Caſe of Inſtruments, in order to explain to her the uſe of the ſaid Bruſh.

Sept. 6. 'Tis written from Manheim, of the 31ſt of Auguſt, that the Imperialiſts having laid a Bridge over the Rhine at Wiſſenau above Mentz, the Imperial and other Troops poſted there, to wit, the Hanoverians, Pruſſians, Saxons and Heſſians, to the Number of 40,000 Men, paſſed the Rhine, and pitch'd their Tents, near Eypenheim and Nerſtein, whether they were ſoon to be followed by Prince Eugene with a numerous Army, but with what Deſign was variouſly conjectured. They add, that there was ſtill a great Number of French Troops on the other ſide of the Rhine, near Freyſenheim in the Foreſt. And,

Letters from the ſame Place (Manheim) of the 1ſt Inſtant adviſe, that the Cannon and Baggage, poſted below Mentz had likewiſe eroſſed the Rhine near that City; but that the Troops poſted near Wiſſenau had ſeized the French Camp near Oppenheim, there to wait the Arrival of the reſt of the Army: That the French Army encamped the 1ſt in the Morning, between Two and Three o'Clock, at Gunſtenheim below Worms; but which Way they would move next, Time muſt diſcover; perhaps behind their Lines at Spiers. As for the Motions of the Imperial Army betwixt Manheim and Heidelberg, theſe Letters pretend to know nothing of them; but the Event will quickly ſhew, they ſay.

From Strasburg there are Letters of the 2d of September, which ſay, the French had ſent 30 Pieces of Cannon from Landau to Philipsburg.

burg. Their Field-Artillery is ſaid to have conſiſted, among other things, of 350 Cannon. 'Twas confirm'd, that they had received a Reinforcement from Alſace, had paſſed the Rhine in order to poſt themſelves round that Fortreſs. 'Twas given out, that a great Number of the French were ſick in their Camp at Spiers.

Sept. 8. Yeſterday arrived the Mails due from France and Flanders. By the former we received Letters from Leghorn, of the 30th of Auguſt, importing, that the Duke de Montemar arrived there the 27th, and was buſy in getting the Artillery and Ammunition lately landed there from Sicily, carried to Lombardy; to facilitate which, that General ſent Part of it by the Bologneze, and the reſt by Pontremolo. The 28th, the Duke de Montemar receiv'd a Courier there, being diſpatched by the Count de Maceda, to acquaint him, that the Governor of Mirandola had demanded to capitulate; and that he craved no better Terms than for him and his Garriſon to be made Priſoners of War.

By the Arrival of a Courier from Italy, they learnt, that the Garriſon of Mirandola delivered up that Place to the Spaniſh Troops, the 30th paſt, who took Poſſeſſion of it accordingly. The Artillery deſigned for the Siege of Mantua began to arrive in the Neigbourhood; and that which had been made uſe of in the Siege of Mirandola, was to be carried thither likewiſe.

Warſaw, Aug. 30. Captain Alikin deputed by the Dutchy of Courland, had Yeſterday a Publick Audience of the King, and made his Submiſſion in the Name of the Nobility; but demanded at the ſame Time, a Confirmation of their Civil and Religious Rights and Liberties, which was promiſed him in the King's Name, by the Biſhop and Prince of Cracow. The Primate is to ſet out ſhortly for his Principality of Lowicz to get ready to aſſiſt at the approaching Diet. The King has made good out of his own Pocket, the Damages Prince Lubomirski Speski ſuſtained, during the Troubles of the Kingdom, by the Depredations and Ravages of the Malecontents; and ſeveral other Grandees are to expect the like Favours, for their good Services and Attachment to his Majeſty's Intereſt. Some Days ago, Orders were diſpatched to the Preſidents of the Nobility, and of the States of the Electorate of Saxony, to call together the Deputies againſt next Chriſtmas; and 'tis generally thought that ſome extraordinary Tax will be propoſed to them.

Vienna, Sept. 7. Count Konigſeg has wrote to the Counteſs his Spouſe, who is at Verona, to return to this City, which makes it believed, that that General will continue here to act as Vice-Preſident of the Council of War, there being no Appearance, that his Excellency will go back to Tirol this Year. The Prince of Saxe Hilburghauſen, 'tis ſaid will ſet out in a few Days for Croatia, to haſten the March of the new raiſed Troops in that, as well as the Neighbouring Provinces, which are deſigned to reinforce the Army in Tirol. A Courier arrived from Conſtantinople, which he left the 13th paſt, brought an Account, that the Poliſh Miniſter, having on the 11th of the ſame Month delivered to the Divan, his Credentials as Miniſter of King Auguſtus III. the Port not only rejected them, but even ordered the ſaid Miniſter to be arreſted and conducted to Adrianople, which was executed the ſame Day, notwithſtanding all the Endeavours of M. Nepleuf the Ruſſian Ambaſſador to prevent it.

Hamburg, Sept. 9. Our Magiſtrates have publiſhed here a very ſevere Proclamation againſt the Prophanation of *Sabbath-Day*. A Violent Storm aroſe here on the 4th Inſtant, which did great Damage at Sea; and amongſt others, a Ship which came from Gottenburg, loaded with Copper and Iron, was loſt at the Mouth of the Elbe.

Upper-Rhine, Sept. 14. Marſhal Coigny has removed his Head Quarters nearer Worms; his Army is ſtill in the ſame Poſition. On the 11th there was a Triple Diſcharge of the Small Arms, on Account of the taking of Mirandola. The Enemy continues to work on the Fortifications of Treves, and form great Magazines upon the Frontiers of Lorrain. The Imperial Troops poſſeſs the ſame Poſts. Prince Eugene, accompanied by the Prince of Anhalt Deſſau, and ſeveral other Generals, went to ſee the Troops which are encamped between Keuſch and Edingen, perform their Exerciſe, with which his Highneſs was very well pleaſed.

Paris, Sept. 17. Letters from the Army in Italy of the 3d Inſtant, adviſe, that the 31ſt paſt was the Day on which the Garriſon of Mirandola, being 1800 in Number, ſurrender'd at Diſcretion. Count Konigſeg, in his Retreat into the Mantuan, had put 2500 Men into that Place, in hopes that the Allies would ſtop to beſiege it, and thereby have Time to fortify himſelf till the Arrival of ſome Succours; but inſtead of that, the Allies left Mirandola behind them to purſue the Imperial Army; ſince that Time the Garriſon loſt 700 Men by Sickneſs, Deſertion, and the Fire of the Beſiegers; and the Spaniards had no more than 300 killed or wounded.

The great Mortality which ſtill continues at Mantua, according to Accounts given by the Deſerters, has obliged the Governor to arm 2000 of the Inhabitants, to train them up to reinforce the Garriſon. The opening the Trenches before that Place cannot take place before the Cloſe of this Month.

Letters from the Army in Germany of the 10th, mention nothing extraordinary, the Troops continuing very quiet in their Quarters. The Body of Imperialiſts which paſſed the Rhine at Mentz, is about 25,000 in Number, and is ſtill encamped under the Cannon of that Place, under the Command of Count Seckindorf.

The vaſt Quantity of Plate that was Stolen at Court, has made a great Noiſe, tho' nothing is ſo common as theſe ſort of Robberies; they have taken up this Week M. Poiſſon and his

his Wife, as Accomplices therein: There are now Eleven Courtiers in Prison on this Subject. On the 10th at Night, some Rogues had the Hardiness to enter into the Chamber of M. Daujard, President *a Mortier* of the Parliament of Bourdeaux; they took his Breeches from under his Head, where finding the Key of his Bureau in his Pocket, they opened it, and took 7500 Livres, and a Gold Watch, without meddling with a Purse of Louis D'ors, and then made off with the Prize.

London, Sept. 12. They write from Malaga the 30th ult. N. S. That the Tangier Row-Boats had taken and carried in a Dutch Dogger with Corn from Holland for Genoa and Leghorn; and a Scots Ship with Provisions from Ireland: But that the latter by the Basha's Order, was immediately releas'd; who declared he was determined not to break the Peace with Great Britain.

From Cadiz the 30th ult. they write, that the Flota continued there, no Order being come from the Court for their Departure.

'Tis written from Frankfort of the 11th Instant that the French have made such Havock on that side that the Imperialists will have nothing to subsist on in case they pass that River.

The Hereditary Prince of Modena is expected here in about a Fortnight. His Highness comes incognito under an assumed Title, and will be treated in the same manner as was the Duke of Lorrain. His Mother is Anne of Hanover, first Cousin to his late Majesty: The late Queen Dowager, Widow of James II. was his Aunt. The Duke his Father was descended from a Branch of the House of Brunswick, and was formerly a Cardinal, but laid down the Purple to enjoy the Dukedom. Upon the breaking out of the present War, his Highness thought proper to retire to Genoa, and the French immediately took Possession of the City of Modena. The Hereditary Prince and Princess (who is Sister to the Duke of Orleans) went soon after to Paris, from whence his Highness made the Tour of the Netherlands, and is now at the Hague to see the Curiosities in Holland.

London, Sept. 11. Last Tuesday there was a strange Report spread about the Exchange, of a Secret Treaty between the Emperor and France, to the Exclusion and Detriment of England and Holland.

Early the same Morning as Mr. Guices, Riding Master to the King, was riding one of the King's Horses in Bushy Park, he saw a Horse grazing with a Saddle and Bridle on, and perceived some Blood about him; upon which he with the rest of the Grooms then present, made farther Search, when about two or three hundred Yards Distance, they found a Child's Suit of Cloaths, and going farther near to the Earl of Halifax's Pheasant-Penn, they found Mr. *Adam Milburn*, one of the King's Grooms, lying Dead on his Back, with a pair of Leather Bags grasp'd fast in his Hands. One of his Eyes was struck out of his Head, and the other quite, insomuch that his Brains came out; there was found about him only 1 s. 6 d. Enquiry was afterwards made of the Woman that keeps the Gate at Bushy Park, next to Teddington, who declared to them that she let Mr. Milburn thro' about 10 o'Clock the Night before, and immediately after Three Coaches, and soon after a Man on Horseback who inquired of her if Milburn had gone that Way; she reply'd just now, upon which he clapp'd Spurs to his Horse and rode away as fast as possible; so 'tis thought he was the Murderer. The Deceased has left behind him Seven Children.

Sept. 18. His Excellency Mr. Horace Walpole has lately deliver'd to their High Mightinesses, His Majesty's Reply to the Answer they made to the famous Memorial, which Mr. Walpole presented some time ago, to perswade them to an Augmentation of their Forces.

This Reply is said to run this Effect;

'That His Majesty, the King of Great Britain, is very 'much surpriz'd not to find in their High Mightinesses 'the Dispositions he flatter'd himself they entertain'd; 'That the Excuse they alledge of having kept their Land-'Forces upon the Foot of Augmentation, whilst those of '*Great-Britain* remain'd as they were, is by no means to 'be allow'd, seeing the Exigences of Affairs requir'd of 'the British Court only an Increase of their Naval Strength: 'That the King was very glad to learn a good Example 'would have its proper Effect upon them; and that if 'they would promise him to follow, he would lead the 'Way where their own Honour, and the Welfare and 'Safety of the Liberties of *Europe*, waited ready to conduct 'them.

About the same Time that Mr. Walpole presented his last Memorial to the States General, Count d'Uhlfeldt the Emperor's Minister, Count Golowskin, Ambassador and Plenipotentiary on the part of the Czarina, and General Dabrosse, Minister from King Augustus as Elector of Saxony, deliver'd Memorials likewise to their High Mightinesses.

The Memorial given in by the Russian Ambassador, is penn'd with great Spirit, and in the strongest Terms that can be conceiv'd: 'Her Czarian Majesty does not seem to 'think, that after the moving Representation which the 'Emperor has made to the States-General of the dange-'rous Consequences of the present War, their High Migh-'tinesses have paid all that Attention thereto which there 'was Room to expect, and the Treaties actually subsisting 'naturally requir'd: She hopes their High Mightinesses 'are not inclin'd to place any Project of France, with Re-'lation to the Affairs of Poland, as a Basis for a general 'Negotiation; and declares, that she can by no Means dis-'pence with any Thing that favours the Court of France, 'in Prejudice of his Imperial Majesty, and that should any 'Power do otherwise, she will be oblig'd to take such 'Measures as she shall find proper on the Occasion, being 'resolv'd to promote by all Means whatever, the Interests 'of his Imperial Majesty, the Tranquility of the North, 'and the Ballance of Power in Europe.

Boston, Nov. 10. Wednesday the 5th of *November*, being the Anniversary Day for the Commemoration of the Gun-Powder Plot, happily discovered in the Year 1605; the same was observed by the Discharge of the Guns at Castle *William* as usual: In the Evening several Bonfires were made in Town, and a very large one on *Dorchester* Neck; and a great number of Fire-Works were play'd off on this Occasion.

The same Day 4 Youths of this Town took a Canoe to pass by Water to see the Bonfire on *Dorchester* Neck, and not being heard of since, are supposed to be overset and lost in returning Home.

Custom-House, New-York, *Nov.* 24. *Entred in*, Tuckness from Curacoa, Hill from Jamaica, J. Smith from Barbadoes, J. Bosch from Boston, T. Smith from London.

Entered out. Bloom for Gibraltar, A. Bosch for Antigua, Leacraft, Vardill and Tuckness for Jamaica.

Cleared

Cleared. Tucker to St. Thomas, Hunt and Seymour to Coracoa, Dever to Surrenham, Edney to St. Chriſtophers, Good to Jamaica.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entred in.*

Brigt. Supply, Rich. Berwick, from Barbadoes.
Sloop Endeavour, John Cobb, from Boſton.
Snow Francis and Ann, John Cox, from London.
Sloop Mary, Caleb Armitage, from R. Iſland.

Entred out.

Scooner Dolphin, James Lusk, for S. Carolina.
Snow Jane and Margaret, Nath. M'geay, for Dublin.
Brigt. St. Andrew, Iſrael Cornuck, for St. Chriſtophers.
----- Don Franciſco, George Wells, for S. Carolina.
Ship Diamond, Wm. Clay, for Lisbon.
Scooner Sarah, Wm. Sandwith, for Maryland.
Sloop Sommerſet, Ralph Juſtice, for Ditto.
Brigt. Thiſtle, Tho. Glentworth, for Madeira.
----- Worceſter, James Lowrey, for London.

Cleared.

Brigt. Olive Branch, John Pindar, to Antigua.
----- Warren, Tho. Galt, to Dublin.
Scooner Baltimore, Nath. Figgs, to Maryland.
Snow Fradſham, James Aſpinal, to Antigua.
Sloop Rebecca, Nath. Hilton, to Barbadoes.
Snow Pompey, Charles Hargrave, Briſtol.
Sloop Sam. and Sarah, Jacob Wayne, to Antigua.
---- Martha and Mary, Sam. Cooper, to Barbadoes.
---- Eliz. Joſeph Darrel, to Ditto.
----- Charming Peggy, Tho Witter, to Jamaica.
Brigt. Eliz Joſeph Scattergood, to Barbadoes.
Ship Neptune, Nicholas Mitchel, to Lisbon.

The little Epiſtle in our laſt, has produced no leſs than ſix, which which follow in the order we receiv'd 'em.

Mr. *Franklin*,

'I Cannot conceive who your Correſpondent means by 'the *prettieſt Creature* in this Place; but I can aſſure ei'ther him or her, that ſhe who is truly ſo, has no Affecta'tion at all.

SIR,

'SINCE your laſt Week's Paper I have look'd in my 'Glaſs a thouſand Times, I believe, in one Day; and 'if it was not for the Charge of Affectation I might, with'out Partiality, believe myſelf the Perſon meant.

Mr. *Franklin*,

'I Muſt own that ſeveral have told me, I am the pretti'eſt Creature in this Place; but I believe I ſhou'd not 'have been tax'd with Affectation if I cou'd have thought 'as well of them as they do of themſelves.

SIR,

'YOUR Sex calls me pretty; my own affected. Is it 'from Judgment in the one, or Envy in the other?

Mr. *Franklin*,

'THEY that call me affected are greatly miſtaken; 'for I don't know that I ever refus'd a Kiſs to any 'Body but a Fool.

Friend Benjamin,

'I Am not at all diſpleaſed at being charged with Af'fectation. Thou know'ſt the vain People call Decen'cy of Behaviour by that Name.

Advertiſements.

RUN away laſt Sunday Night from *George Houſe*, an Iriſh Servant Man named *John Hendry*, aged about 22 Years, of Middle Stature, no Hair but wears a Wig or a Cap; by Trade a Shoemaker. Had on a brown Drugget Coat with cloſe or flaſh Sleeves, ſtriped linnen Jacket, and Leather Breeches, a narrow brimm'd Hat, good Shoes and Stockings; and has taken ſome Tools belonging to his Trade. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Five Pounds* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by

Philad. Nov. 20. *George Houſe.*

RUN away the 9th Inſt. from *James Norrel* of *Oley* in this County, an hired Servant Man named *John Blowden*, well ſet, of ſhort Stature, black Hair, fair Complexion, and has a ſmooth Tongue. He has taken with him belonging to his Maſter, a black Horſe branded with I° N on the near Shoulder, a ſmall Star like a Clover Leaf, and not dock'd, about 9 Years old: Likewiſe belonging to his Maſter, a homeſpun Kearſey great Coat cloth-colour'd with large Brass Buttons on it, a new pair of brown Yarn Stockings, two new pair of Shoes, one of Mens, and the other Womens, a pewter Pocket Bottle that will hold a Pint, a pair of Silver Buttons, and ſome Money. He had alſo a homeſpun Camlet inſide Coat of Cinnamon-colour patch'd, and a black Caliminco Jacket and Breeches, a Pair of ſtriped linnen Trowſers, and a Pair of old Shoes picked-toed, white Linnen Stockings, white Linnen Cap, a Caroline Hat. He was formerly Servant to *Arthur Wells*, and afterwards to *William Smith* both of this City, and often ran away from them both. He pretends to be a Doctor, ſometimes a Gentleman or a Merchant, and endeavours to cheat all he comes acquainted with. Whoever ſecures him in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have Juſtice from him, and ſecures the Horſe ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by

Philad. Nov. 20. *James Norrel.*

For LONDON directly,

THE Brigantine *Worceſter*, *James Lowrey*, Maſter, now lying at Mr *Lawrence*'s Wharff will ſail in about a Fortnight. For Freight or Paſſage agree with Mr. *Thomas Lawrence*.

RUN away from *William Perkins*, a Servant Man, named *William Ainſworth*, about 29 Years of Age, black Complexion, black lank Hair and black Eyes, middle ſiz'd and well ſet: Had on a dark brown Coat, full trimm'd, red ſtriped woollen Jacket, and Leather Breeches, lead-coloured woollen Stockings and good ſtrong Shoes. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have *Four Pounds* Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by *William Perkins.*

Juſt publiſhed,

JOhn Jerman's ALMANACK for the Year 1736.

Jacob Taylor's, *and* Poor Richard's *are now in the Preſs, and will ſpeedily be publiſhed and ſold by the Printer hereof.*

ON *Wedneſday* Night the 19th Inſtant, Thieves broke into a Houſe in this City, and ſtole ſome Paper Money, with a parcel of double worſted-flower'd Caps: Several Drops of Blood were found about the Drawer from whence the Money was taken, whence 'tis probable that the Money alſo may be bloodied. If ſuch Money is offered to be paſſed, or ſuch Caps to be ſold, by any ſuch ſuſpicious Perſon, 'tis deſired that Information may given to the Printer hereof.

To be SOLD,

BY Nathaniel French *in the Second Street*, *Fine taſted Jamaica Rum, by the Cask, at* 3 s. 4 d. *per Gallon: And at* 3 s. 10 d. *by the ſmaller Quantity. As alſo neat hiſtorical Chimney Tiles at* 3 s. 6 d *per doz. Likewiſe figur'd Iron Chimney Backs.* *Philad. Octo.* 2. 1735.

Juſt publiſhed,

A *Defence of the Rev. Mr.* Hemphill's *Obſervations, or, an Anſwer to the Vindication of the Rev. Commiſſion.*

1 TIM. i. 4. and iv. 7. *Neither give heed to Fables, and endleſs Genealogies, which miniſter Queſtions, rather than godly Edifying, which is in Faith. ------ But refuſe profane and old Wives Fables, and exerciſe thy ſelf unto Godlineſs.*

Equidem, ut vere quod res eſt ſcribam, prorſus decrevi fugere omnem Conventum Epiſcoporum: nullius enim Concilii bonum exitum unquam vidi; Concilia enim non minuunt mala, ſed augent potius. *Auguſtine.*

I never knew any Good to come from the Meetings of Prieſts. Tillotſon.

TIT. i. 13. *This Witneſs is* true: *Wherefore rebuke them ſharply, that they may be ſound in the Faith.*

Printed and Sold by the Printer hereof. *Price* 9 *d.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

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